# REGULATIONS ON OPERATION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS COTECCONS CONSTRUCTION JOINT STOCK COMPANY 

(Issued in accordance with Resolution No. /2022/NQ-DHCD dated 25 April 2022)
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## Chapter I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

## Article 1. Scope and regulated entities

1. Scope: the Regulations on Operation of the Board of Directors provide for the organizational structure, operating principles, rights and obligations of the Board of Directors and its members in order to ensure that its operation is conformable with the Law on Enterprises, the Company's Charter and relevant laws.
2. Regulated entity: Board of Directors and its members.

## Article 2. Definitions

For the purpose of this Regulation, the terms below are construed as follows:

1. Company: Coteccons Construction Joint Stock Company
2. Board of Management: includes General Director and Deputy General Directors of the Company
3. Related person means any individual or organization prescribed in Clause 23 Article 4 by the Law on Enterprises and Clause 46 Article 4 by the Law on Securities
4. Executive member of the Board of Directors: means a member of the Board of Directors who is responsible for participating in managing everyday operations of a part or the whole of the Company.
5. Non-executive member of the Board of Directors: means a member of the Board of Directors who is not General Director, Deputy General Director, Chief Accountant and other executives appointed by the Board of Directors.
6. Independent member of the Board of Directors: means a member of the Board of Directors who meets conditions prescribed in Clause 2 Article 155 by the Law on Enterprises.
7. Executive of the Company: means General Director, Deputy General Director, Chief Accountant. Depending on the needs of management from time to time, the Board of Directors may appoint other executives.
8. Member of the Board of Supervisors and its members are understood similarly.
9. Other terms referred to in these Regulations have the same definition as provided in the Company's Charter.

## Article 3. Operating principles

1. The Board of Directors shall work on the collective principle. Each member of the Board of Directors shall be responsible for the performance of his/her own tasks and be jointly responsible to the GMS and the law for the resolutions and decisions of the Board of Directors regarding development of the Company.
2. The Board of Directors shall assign the General Director to organize the implementation of the resolutions and decisions of the Board of Directors.

## Chapter II. MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

## Article 4. Rights and obligations of members of the Board of Directors

1. Members of the Board of Directors have all the rights specified in the Law on Enterprises, Law on Securities, relevant laws and the Company's Charter, including the right to be provided with information and documents about the finance and business performance of the Company and its units.
2. Members of the Board of Directors have the obligations specified in the Company's Charter and the following obligations:
a) Perform their duties in an honest and prudent manner for the best interests of the Company and its shareholders;
b) Attend all meetings of the Board of Directors and comment on the raised issues;
c) Promptly and fully inform the Board of Directors of the remunerations paid by the subsidiary companies, associate companies and other organizations;
d) Inform the Board of Directors during the nearest meeting of transactions between the Company, subsidiary companies and other companies over $50 \%$ charter capital of which is held by the Company with members of the Board of Directors and their related persons; transactions between the Company with companies whose founders or managers are members of the Board of Directors over the last 03 years from the transaction date;
dd) Disclose information when trading the Company's shares as prescribed by law.
3. Independent members of the Board of Directors shall prepare reports on performance of the Board of Directors.

## Article 5. Rights to be provided with information of members of the Board of Directors

1. Members of the Board of Directors have all the rights to request the General Director, Deputy General Director, other managers of the Company to provide information and documents about the finance and business performance of the Company and its units.
2. The requested managers shall fully and accurately provide the information and documents requested by the members of the Board of Directors following the procedures specified in the Company's Charter.

## Article 6. Term of office and quantity of members of the Board of Directors

1. The term of office of a member of the Board of Directors
a. The Board of Directors has at least five (05) members and at most eleven (11) members. The General Meeting of Shareholders will decide the number of members of the Board of Directors in each period.
b. The term of office of a member of the Board of Directors shall not exceed 05 years and has no term limit. An individual may only be elected as independent member of the Board of Directors of a company for up to 02 consecutive terms.
c. In case the term of office all members of the Board of Directors end at the same time, all of them will remain members of the Board of Directors until new members are elected and take over the work.
2. The structure of members of the Board of Directors as follows:
a. The structure of the Board of Directors of the Company shall ensure that at least $1 / 3$ of the total number of members of the Board of Directors who are non-executive members.
b. The total number of independent members of the Board of Directors shall ensure the following regulations:
i. Having at least 01 independent number in case the Company has from 03 to 05 members of the Board of Directors;
ii. Having at least 02 independent members in case the Company has from 06 to 08 members of the Board of Directors;
iii. Having at least 03 independent members in case the Company has from 09 to 11 members of the Board of Directors.

## Article 7. Requirements to be satisfied by members of the Board of Directors

1. A member of the Board of Directors shall satisfy the following requirements:
a) $\mathrm{He} /$ she is not any of the persons specified in Clause 2 Article 17 of the Law on Enterprises;
b) $\mathrm{He} /$ she has qualifications and experience of business administration or in same fields or business lines of the Company. A member is not necessarily a shareholder of the Company;
c) A member of the Board of Directors shall not concurrently hold the position of member of Board of Directors of more than five (05) another company;
d) Other requirements specified in the Company's Charter and internal regulations on Company administration.
2. In addition to the requirements specified in Clause 1 of this Article, independent members of the Board of Directors shall satisfy additional requirements specified in Clause 2, Article 155 of the Law on Enterprises.
3. The independent member of the Board of Directors shall inform the Board of Directors when he/she no longer fully satisfies the requirements specified in Clause 2 of this Article and is obviously no longer an independent member from the day on which such requirements are not fully satisfied. The Board of Directors shall report this during the nearest GMS or convene the GMS to elect or replace the independent member within 06 months from the day on which the notice is received from the disqualified member.

Article 8. President of the Board of Directors

1. The President of the Board of Directors shall be elected among the members of the Board of Directors by the Board of Directors, and dismissed by the Board of Directors.
2. The President of the Board of Directors must not concurrently hold the position of General Director.
3. Rights and obligations of the President of the Board of Directors:
a) Formulate operating plans and programs of the Board of Directors;
b) Prepare the agenda and documents of meetings; convene and chair meetings of the Board of Directors;
c) Organize the ratification of resolutions and decisions of the Board of Directors;
d) Supervise the process of implementation of resolutions and decisions of the Board of Directors;
e) Chair the GMS;
f) Other rights and obligations prescribed by the Law on Enterprises and the Company's Charter.
4. In case the President of the Board of Directors submits a resignation letter or is dismissed, the Board of Directors shall elect a new President within 10 days from the resignation or dismissal date. In case the President of the Board of Directors is not present or is not able to perform his duties, he/she shall authorize another member in writing to perform the rights and obligations of the President of the Board of Directors in accordance with the Company's Charter. In case no one is authorized or the President of the Board of Directors is dead, missing, held in police custody, imprisoned, detained in a mandatory rehabilitation center or correctional institution, has fled the residence, has limited capacity or is incapacitated, has difficulties controlling his/her behaviors, is prohibited by the Court from holding certain positions or doing certain works, the remaining members shall elect one of them to hold the position of President of the Board of Directors under the majority rule until a new decision is issued by the Board of Directors.
5. When necessary, the Board of Directors may assign a Company's secretary, who has the following rights and obligations:
a) Assist in convening the GMS; take minutes of meetings;
b) Assist members of the Board of Directors in performance of their rights and obligations;
c) Assist the Board of Directors in application and implementation of company administration rules;
d) Assist the Company in development of relationship with shareholders, protection of their lawful rights and interests; provision and disclosure of information, and completion of administrative procedures;
dd) Other rights and obligations as the person in charge of corporate governance.

## Article 9. Dismissal, replacement and addition of members of the Board of Directors

1. A member of the Board of Directors will be dismissed by the GMS in the following cases:
a) $\mathrm{He} /$ she does not fully satisfy the requirements specified in Article 155 of the Law on Enterprises;
b) $\mathrm{He} /$ she hands in resignation letter which is accepted;
c) Other cases specified in the Company's Charter.
2. A member of the Board of Directors will be discharged by the GMS in the following cases:
a) $\mathrm{He} /$ she fails to participate in activities of the Board of Directors for 06 consecutive months, except in force majeure events;
b) Other cases specified in the Company's Charter.
3. Where necessary, the GMS may replace, dismiss and discharge members of the Board of Directors in cases other those specified in Clause 1 and Clause 2 of this Article.
4. The Board of Directors shall convene the GMS to elect additional members of the Board of Directors in the following cases:
a) The number of members of the Board of Directors decreases by more than one third of the number specified in the Company's Charter, in which case the Board of Directors shall convene the GMS within 60 days from the said date;
b) The number of independent members of the Board of Directors falls below the minimum number specified in the Company's Charter;
c) Except in the cases specified in Point a and Point b of this Clause, the GMS shall elect new members to replace those who have been dismissed or discharged in the latest meeting.

Article 10. Method for election, dismissal and discharge of members of the Board of Directors

1. The shareholder or group of shareholders that holds at least $5 \%$ of total ordinary shares is entitled to nominate candidates to the Board of Directors prescribed by the Law on enterprises and the Company's Charter. Shareholders holding voting shares have the right to combine the number of voting rights of each person together to nominate candidates to the Board of Directors. Candidates shall be nominated as follows:
a) If the group of shareholders that nominate candidates to the Board of Directors must inform the participating shareholders of the meeting at least 15 days before the date of the opening of the GMS;
b) Depending on the quantity of members of the Board of Directors, the shareholders or groups of shareholders prescribed I this Clause may nominate one or a number of candidates according to the decision of the GMS to the Board of Directors. In case the number of nominated candidates is smaller than the number specified in the decision of the GMS, the remaining candidates shall be nominated by Board of Directors and other shareholders.
c) The maximum number of candidates that a shareholder or a group of shareholders mentioned in Clause 1 of this Article has the right to nominate is determined as follows:

A shareholder or a group of shareholders holding from $5 \%$ to under $10 \%$ of the voting shares has the right to nominate one (01) candidate; from $10 \%$ to less than $30 \%$ nominating up to two (02) candidates; from $30 \%$ to less than $40 \%$ nominating up to three ( 03 ) candidates; from $40 \%$ to less
than $50 \%$ nominating up to four ( 04 ) candidates; from $50 \%$ to less than $60 \%$ nominating up to five ( 05 ) candidates; from $60 \%$ to less than $70 \%$ nominating up to six ( 06 ) candidates; from $70 \%$ to less than $80 \%$ nominating up to seven ( 07 ) candidates; and from $80 \%$ to less than $90 \%$ nominating up to eight (08) candidates.
2. In case the number of candidates is smaller than the minimum number specified in Clause 5 Article 115 of the Law on Enterprises, the incumbent Board of Directors shall nominate more candidates or organize the nomination in accordance with the Company's Charter, internal company administration regulations. This must be announced before the GMS starts to vote for members of the Board of Directors as prescribed by law.
3. The voting on members of Board of Directors shall be carried out by cumulative voting. This means shareholder has the right to use their total voting rights for one candidate; or a number of candidates with an optional equal number of votes for each candidate; , and may elect a part of total voting rights for one or some candidates, the remainder may not vote for any candidate. The number of candidates elected in each vote shall not exceed the maximum number of votes allowed. Elected members shall be chosen according to number of votes received in descending order until the specified minimum number is reached. If there are many candidates receive the same number of votes, which make it impossible to select enough people to vote, those candidates must be reelected to select the missing number after the candidates with the higher number of votes have been elected won the election. The re-election still shall be carried out by cumulative voting.
4. The election, dismissal and discharge of members of the Board of Directors shall be decided by the GMS by voting.

## Article 11. Announcement of election, dismissal and discharge of members of the Board of Directors

1. After candidates for members of the Board of Directors have been nominated, the Company shall publish information about these candidates at least 10 days before the opening date of the GMS on the Company's website for the shareholders to study their profiles before voting. Each candidate shall prepare a written declaration that information about him/her is correct and to perform his/her duties in an honest and prudent manner for the best interests of the Company if he/she is given the position of member of the Board of Directors. Information about candidates includes:
a) Full name, date of birth;
b) Qualifications;
c) Work experience;
d) Other managerial positions (including positions in the Board of Directors of other companies);
e) Interests relevant to the Company and the Company's related parties;
f) Other information (if any) specified in the Company's Charter;
g) The company shall publish information about the companies in which the candidates are holding the position of members of the Board of Directors and other managerial positions and their interests in these companies (if any).
2. The results of election, dismissal and discharge of members of the Board of Directors shall be announced in accordance with regulations on information disclosure.

## Chapter III. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

## Article 12. Rights and obligations of the Board of Directors

1. The Board of Directors is a managerial body of the Company and has the full authority to make decisions, exercise rights and obligations of the Company in the name of the Company, except for the rights and obligations of the GMS.
2. Rights and obligations of the Board of Directors shall be prescribed by law, the Company's Charter and the GMS. To be specific:
a) Decide the strategy, medium-term development and annual business plans of the Company;
b) Propose types of authorized shares and quantity of each type;
c) Decide the sale of unsold shares within the number of authorized shares of each type; decide other forms of raising additional capital;
d) Decide selling prices for shares and bonds of the Company;
e) Decide repurchase of shares in accordance with Clause 1 and Clause 2 Article 133 of the Law on Enterprises;
f) Decide investment plans and investment projects within its jurisdictions and limits prescribed by law;
g) Decide solutions for market development, marketing and technology;
h) Approve contracts for purchase, sale, lending and other contracts and transactions that are worth at least $30 \%$ of the total assets written the Company's latest financial statement, except for contracts and transactions within the jurisdiction of the GMS as prescribed in point d clause 2 Article 138, clause 1 and clause 3 Article 167 of the Law on Enterprises;
i) Decide to invest or sell the assets having value from $20 \%$ to less than $35 \%$ of the total value of assets recorded in the most recent financial statements of the Company;
j) Elect, dismiss, discharge the President of the Board of Directors, Deputy President of the Board of Directors; designate, discharge, conclude and terminate contracts with the General Director and other key managers prescribed by the Company's Charter; decide salaries, remunerations, bonuses and other benefits of these managers; authorize representatives to participate in the Board of Members or GMS of other companies; decide their remunerations and other benefits;
k) Supervise, command the General Director and other managers operating everyday business of the Company;
1) Decide the organizational structure, internal company management regulations of the Company, establishment of subsidiary companies, branches, representative offices, capital contribution and purchase of shares of other enterprises;
m) Approve the agenda and documents serving the GMS; convene the GMS or collect comments for the GMS to ratify its resolutions;
n) Submit audited annual financial statements to the GMS;
o) Propose dividends; decide the deadlines and procedures for paying dividends or settling losses incurred during business operation;
p) Propose re-organization, dissolution of the Company; request bankruptcy of the Company;
q) Decide promulgation of operation regulations of the Board of Directors, internal regulations on company administration after they are ratified by the GMS; Company Information Disclosure regulations;
r) Other rights and obligations prescribed by the Law on Enterprises, the Law on Securities, other regulations of law and the Company's Charter.
3. The Board of Directors shall ratify resolutions and decisions by voting at meetings, questionnaire survey or other methods prescribed by the Company's Charter. Each member of the Board of Directors has one vote.
4. In case a resolution or decision is ratified by the Board of Directors against regulations of law, resolution of the GMS or the Company's Charter and thus causes damage to the Company, the members who vote for ratification of such resolution or decision shall be jointly responsible and pay compensation for the Company; the members who vote against the unconformable resolution or decision are exempt from responsibility. In this case, shareholders of the Company are entitled to request the court to suspend the unconformable resolution or decision.

## Article 13. Duties and entitlements of the Board of Directors in approving and concluding transaction contracts

1. The Board of Directors is entitled to approve any contract and transaction that is worth less than $35 \%$ of total assets or that leads to a total transaction value of less than $35 \%$ of total assets over 12 months form the occurrence of the first transaction according to the latest financial statement between the Company and any of the following entities:
a. Members of the Board of Directors, members of the Board of Supervisors, the General Director, other managers and their related persons;
b. Shareholders, authorized representatives of shareholders that hold over $10 \%$ of the Company's ordinary shares and their related persons;
c. Enterprises that are related to the entities specified in Clause 2 Article 164 of the Law on Enterprises.
2. The Company's representatives shall send notices to members of the Board of Directors and the Board of Supervisors when signing contracts and conducting transactions of the entities related to
such contracts and transactions and enclose the draft contracts or transaction descriptions. The Board of Directors shall decide whether to approve the contract or transaction within 15 days from the receipt of the notice, unless another time limit is specified by the Company's Charter; Members of the Board of Directors having interests related to the parties to the contract or transaction must not vote.

## Article 14. Responsibility of the Board of Directors to convene extraordinary GMS

1. The Board of Directors shall convene an extraordinary GMS in the following cases:
a) It is considered necessary for the Company's interests by the Board of Directors;
b) The remaining number of Board of Directors or Board of Supervisors is smaller than the minimum number prescribed by law;
c) It is requested by the shareholder or group of shareholders prescribed in Clause 2 Article 115 of the Law on Enterprises; the request shall be made in writing, specify the reasons for convening such a meeting, and bear signatures of relevant shareholders. The written request may be made into multiple copies with signatures of relevant shareholders;
d) It is requested by the Board of Supervisors;
e) Other cases prescribed by law and the Company's Charter.

## 2. Convening the extraordinary GMS

The Board of Directors shall convene the GMS within [30] days from the day on which the number of members of the Board of Directors, independent members of the Board of Directors or members of the Board of Supervisors falls below the minimum number specified in the regulations of law, or the date of request mentioned in Point c and Point d Clause 1 of this Article;
3. The person who convenes the GMS shall perform the following tasks:
a) Compile a list of shareholders having the right to participate in the meeting;
b) Provide information and settle complaints relevant to the list of shareholders;
c) Prepare the meeting agenda and contents;
d) Prepare meeting documents;
e) Draft the resolution of the GMS according to the meeting contents; compile a list of candidates and their details in case of election of members of the Board of Directors and the Board of Supervisors;
f) Determine the meeting time and location;
g) Send invitations to the shareholders having the right to participate in the meeting in accordance with the Law on Enterprises;
h) Other tasks serving the meeting.

## Article 15. Subcommittees of the Board of Directors

1. The Board of Directors has the right to establish subcommittees that will take charge of development policies, personnel, salaries and bonuses, internal audit, risk management and another subcommittees according to the operation of the Company from time to time. The quantity of members of each subcommittee shall be decided by the Board of Directors with at least 03 persons that are members of the Board of Directors and external members, specifically members with full discretion of the Board of Directors . The subcommittees shall operate in accordance with regulations of the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors decides the organization and operation regulations and the rights, obligations of each committee. A subcommittee's resolution is only effective when it is voted for by the majority of its members during its meetings.
2. The implementation of decisions of the Board of Directors or its subcommittees shall be conformable with applicable regulations of law, the Company's Charter and company administration regulations.

## Chapter IV. MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

## Article 16. Meetings of the Board of Directors

1. The President of the Board of Directors shall be elected during the first meeting of the Board of Directors within 07 working days after the same date Board of Directors is elected. This meeting shall be convened and chaired by the member that receives the most votes. In case of a tie, the members shall vote under the majority rule to choose 01 person to convene the Board of Directors.
2. The Board of Directors shall have at least 01 meeting per quarter and may have ad hoc meetings.
3. The President of the Board of Directors shall convene a meeting of the Board of Directors in the following cases:
a) The meeting is requested by the Board of Supervisors or independent members of the Board of Directors;
b) The meeting is requested by the Director/General Director or at least 05 more managers;
c) The meeting is requested by at least 02 members of the Board of Directors;
4. The request for meeting mentioned in Clause 3 of this Article must be made in writing, specify the purposes, issues that need discussing and deciding by the Board of Directors.
5. The President of the Board of Directors shall convene the Board of Directors within 07 working days from the receipt of the request mentioned in Clause 3 of this Article. Otherwise, the President of the Board of Directors shall be responsible for the damage incurred by the Company; the requester is entitled to convene the meeting instead of the President of the Board of Directors.
6. The President of the Board of Directors or the person who convenes the meeting of the Board of Directors shall send invitations at least 03 working days before the meeting. The invitation shall specify the meeting time, location, agenda, issues that need discussing and deciding. The invitation shall be enclosed with documents to be used at the meeting and votes. The invitations to the meeting of the Board of Directors may be a physical invitation, by phone, fax, email or other forms prescribed by the Company's Charter as long as they are delivered to the mailing address of each member of the Board of Directors registered at the Company.
7. The President of the Board of Directors or the person who convenes the meeting shall send the same invitations and enclosed documents to members of the Board of Supervisors.

Members of the Board of Supervisors are entitled to participate and discuss in meetings of the Board of Directors but must not vote.
8. The meeting of the Board of Directors shall be opened when it is participated in by three fourths (3/4) of the members. In case the number of participating members is not adequate, the second meeting shall be convened within 07 days from the intended date of the first meeting. The second meeting shall be opened when it is participated in by more than half of the members of the Board of Directors.
9. It is considered that a member of the Board of Directors participates and votes in a meeting when he/she:
a) Participates and votes in person at the meeting;
b) Authorizes another person to participate in the meeting and vote in accordance with Clause 11 of this Article;
c) Participates and votes at an online meeting; cast electronic votes or in other electronic forms;
d) Sends his/her votes by mail, fax or email;
10. In case the votes are sent to the meeting by mail, they must be put in sealed envelopes and delivered to the President of the Board of Directors at least 01 hour before the opening hour. The votes shall only be opened in the presence of all participants.
11. The members shall participate in all meetings of the Board of Directors. A member may authorize another person to participate in the meeting and vote if it is approved by the majority of the members of the Board of Directors.
12. A resolution or decision of the Board of Directors will be ratified if it is approved by the majority of the participating members. In case of a tie, the President of the Board of Directors shall have the casting vote.
13. Meeting on the phone or another forms: The meeting of the Board of Directors may be held in the form of a meeting between members of the Board of Directors when all or some members are at different locations provided that each member attending the meeting may:
a. Listen to each other member of the Board of Directors speaking at the meeting;
b. If desired, that person may speak with all other participants simultaneously.

The exchange between members may be carried out directly by phone or by other means of communication (including the use of this means at the time of adoption of the Company's Charter or later) or a combination of all of these methods. According to the Company's Charter and this regulation, members of the Board of Directors attending such meeting are considered to be "present" at that meeting. The location of meeting held in accordance with this regulation is the place where the largest group of members of the Board of Directors gathering or if there is no such group, the place where the Chairman of the meeting is present.

Decisions adopted in a legally organized and conducted meeting by phone will take effect immediately at the end of the meeting but shall be confirmed by signatures in the minutes of all members of The Board of Directors attended this meeting.
14. The Board of Directors may adopt a decision in the form of collecting opinions in writing. The decision is considered to be adopted when signed by all the following members of the Board of Directors:
a. Members have the right to vote on resolutions at meeting of the Board of Directors;
b. The number of members participating in voting shall not be less than the minimum number of members prescribed in the same way as the usual meeting of the Board of Directors.

This type of resolutions has the same effect and validity as a resolution adopted by the members of the Board of Directors at a meeting convened and held as usual. Resolutions may be adopted by using multiple copies of the same document if each of those copies has at least one signature of the member.

## Article 17. Minutes of meetings of the Board of Directors

1. Minutes of all meetings of the Board of Directors shall be taken in the form of written documents and may also be recorded or stored in other electronic forms. The minutes must be taken in Vietnamese and may also be in foreign languages with the following contents:
a) The enterprise's name, headquarters address, identification number;
b) The meeting time and location;
c) Purposes, agenda and contents of the meeting;
d) Full name of every participating member or their authorized participants and method of participating; full names of absent members and reasons;
e) Issues to be discussed and voted at the meeting;
f) Summaries of opinions of each participating member in chronological order;
g) The voting result, including specific members that cast affirmative votes, negative votes and abstentions;
h) Ratified issues and ratio of affirmative votes;
i) Full names and signatures of the chair and minutes taker, except in the case specified in Clause 2 of this Article.
2. In case the chair or minutes taker refuses to sign the minutes, the minutes is still effective if it bears the signatures of all other participating members and have adequate contents according to Points $a, b, c, d, e, f, g$ and $h$ Clause 1 of this Article. The minutes clearly write that the chair, minutes taker refuse to sign the meeting minutes. The minutes taker is jointly responsible for the accuracy and truthfulness of the contents of the Board of Directors meeting minutes. The chair, minutes taker are personally responsible for damages caused to enterprise due to the refusal to sign the meeting minutes in accordance with this Regulations, Company's Charter and related law.
3. The chair, minutes taker and other persons who sign the minutes shall be responsible for its truthfulness and accuracy.
4. The minutes of meeting of the Board of Directors and other documents used in the meeting shall be retained at the Company's headquarters.
5. The minutes in Vietnamese and foreign languages have equal legal value. In case of discrepancies between the Vietnamese version and the foreign language version, the Vietnamese version shall apply.

## Chapter V. REPORTING AND DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS

## Article 18. Submission of annual reports

1. At the end of the fiscal year, the Board of Directors shall submit the following reports to the GMS:
a) The Company's income statement;
b) The financial statement;
c) The report on management and administration of the Company;
d) Verification report by the Board of Supervisors.
2. The reports mentioned in Points $a, b$ and $c$ Clause 1 of this Article shall be sent to the Board of Supervisors for verification at least 30 days before the opening date of the GMS unless otherwise prescribed by the Company's Charter.
3. The reports mentioned in Clause 1 and Clause 2 of this Article, verification reports of the Board of Supervisors and audit reports shall be retained at the Company's headquarters at least 10 days before the opening date of the GMS. The shareholders that have held the Company's shares for at least 01 years are entitled to examine the reports mentioned in this Article themselves or together with their lawyers, accountants or audits who have practicing certificates.

## Article 19. Remunerations, bonuses and other benefits of members of the Board of Directors

1. The Company is entitled to pay remunerations and bonuses to members of the Board of Directors according to business performance.
2. Members of the Board of Directors are entitled to remunerations and bonuses. Remunerations are calculated according to the number of working days necessary for completion of their tasks and the daily rate. The Board of Directors shall estimate the remuneration of each member under unanimity rule. The total remunerations and bonuses for the Board of Directors shall be decided by the annual GMS.
3. Remunerations of each member of the Board of Directors shall be recorded as the Company's operating costs in accordance with regulations of law on corporate income tax, presented in a separate section of the Company's annual financial statement and reported at the annual GMS.
4. Members of the Board of Directors who are holding the executive positions or working in subcommittees of the Board of Directors or performing tasks other than normal tasks of members
of the Board of Directors may be paid an additional remuneration in the form of a lump sum, salary, commission, profit percentage or another form decided by the Board of Directors.
5. Members of the Board of Directors are entitled to reimbursement for the costs of travel, lodging and other reasonable costs incurred during the performance of their tasks, including the costs of participation in meetings of the GMS, the Board of Directors or its subcommittees.
6. Members of the Board of Directors may have liability insurance purchased by the Company if this is approved by the GMS. This insurance does not cover liability of members of the Board of Directors relevant to violations against the law and the Company's Charter.

## Article 20. Disclosure of related interests

If the Company's Charter does not have tighter restrictions, interests and related persons of the Company shall be disclosed as follows:

1. Members of the Board of Directors shall declare their related interests, including:
a) Names, enterprise ID numbers, headquarters addresses, business lines of enterprises in which this member have stakes or shares; their holdings and time of holdings;
b) Names, enterprise ID numbers, headquarters addresses, business lines of enterprises this member and their related persons jointly or separately hold stakes or shares that are worth more than $10 \%$ of charter capital.
2. The information mentioned in Clause 1 of this Article shall be declared within 07 working days from the occurrence date of related interests; any revision shall be informed to the Company within 07 working days from its occurrence date.
3. Before performing any task within the scope of operation of the Company, whether in their own names or others, members of the Board of Directors must explain the nature and contents of these tasks to the Board of Directors and may only perform them if they are approved by the majority of the remaining members of the Board of Directors. Otherwise, any income generated by such activity will belong to the Company.

## Chapter VI. RELATIONSHIPS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

## Article 21. Relationship between members of the Board of Directors

1. The relationships between members of the Board of Directors are cooperation. Members of the Board of Directors are responsible for informing each other of the issues that occur during the performance of their assigned tasks.
2. During performance of their tasks, the member in charge shall coordinate operations of other members if they are relevant to his/her tasks. In case of disagreements among members of the Board of Directors, the member in charge shall submit a report to the President of the Board of Directors for consideration or hold a meeting of members of the Board of Directors in accordance with regulations of law, the Company's Charter and this Regulations.
3. In case of reassignment among members of the Board of Directors, they shall hand over relevant tasks and documents. The handover shall be recorded in writing and reported to the President of the Board of Directors.

## Article 22. Relationship with the executive board

With the administration role, the Board of Directors shall promulgate resolutions, which will be implemented by the General Director, supervise and inspect the implementation of such resolutions.

## Article 23. Relationship with the Board of Supervisors

1. The relationship between the Board of Directors and the Board of Supervisors is cooperation. The Board of Directors shall work with the Board of Supervisors or Audit Committee on equality and independence principles; cooperate and assist one another in performance of their tasks.
2. When receiving inspection records or consolidated reports of the Board of Supervisors, the Board of Directors shall examine them and request relevant units to formulate plans and promptly make rectifications.

## Chapter VII. IMPLEMENTATION CLAUSES

## Article 24. Effect

The Regulations on Operation of the Board of Directors of Coteccons Construction Joint Stock Company. consists of 07 chapters24 articles and comes into force from April $25^{\text {th }}, 2022$.

# ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS CHAIRMAN 

## BOLAT DUISENOV

